

AIESEC RMIT VIETNAM
Presents



Intern Booklet

Hello
Vietnam

Everyday is
a Journey
and the
journey itself
is home.

Matsuo Basho

“ ”

Welcome
Speech

Dear our exchange participants,

First of all, congratulations for being matched with AIESEC in Vietnam in general and AIESEC RMIT Vietnam in particular.

We welcome you with open arms and look forward to both learning from you and helping you to have a thorough preparation before coming to Vietnam and joining our projects. Therefore, the purpose of this booklet is to provide a general picture of Vietnam, AIESEC RMIT and important issues that you need to know before arriving Vietnam.

Even though we have endeavored to offer some insights into the given information, it might not be complete and hence we highly recommend you to read up as much as possible about Vietnam through guidebooks for tourists, websites, or information from Vietnamese embassy.

If you need any extra information, please feel free to contact us (contact information is given at the last page of this booklet). Every culture around the world differs in a way that we might never imagine. Prepare yourself for the new challenges ahead. Open up your mind for any possibilities that you might encounter during your internship.

Best regards,



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Introduction to AIESEC RMIT Vietnam

After 6 years established, we have welcomed a large number of international exchange participants from more than 20 countries mostly in South East Asia and Europe – and you are just on the way to increase this number.

In our LC, incoming Global Community Development Program (iGCDP) is the function that will support and interact with you most of your time here. iGCDP function has reached interesting goals and achieved great results as well as receiving some positive feedback from earlier exchange participants. So we are here to ensure and provide the best experience for your internship in Vietnam.

Founded in October 2008, after 6 years of first forming and development, AIESEC RMIT Vietnam is recognized as one of official full members of AIESEC Vietnam and AIESEC. Within RMIT University Vietnam, our Local Chapter is considered as a professional community supported by RMIT.

AIESEC RMIT Vietnam's proud mission as a part of AIESEC is to provide chances of going exchange and making impacts to our students. RMIT Local Chapter takes best pride in strong connection between members and members and from generation to generation. Our motto is to work in professionalism but to connect in familism. This unique AIESEC RMIT working style is our advantage of giving us the stand out from other clubs in RMIT University.

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Virtual Statistics – Vietnam in general
Official Name: The Social Republic of Viet Nam
Capital: Ha Noi City
Politics: Singleparty system
Area: 331,212 km²
Calling code: +84
Time zone: GMT +7
Population: 90 million
Language: Vietnamese (official)
Religion: Indigenous, Buddhism, Christians
Currency: Viet Nam Dong (VND)

Introduction to Vietnam and HCM City



People

Vietnam is a multiethnic country with over fifty distinct groups (54 are recognized by the Vietnamese government), each with its own language, lifestyle and cultural heritage.

The Viet (Kinh) people account for nearly 90% of the country's population, while the other 53 ethnic minority groups make up around 9 million people, contributing to the cultural diversity in Vietnam.





Vietnam is a monsoon tropical country but each area has its own specific climate. Ho Chi Minh City (HCMC) has two distinct seasons, the dry and rain. The weather in HCMC is really hot. In dry season, it is usually about 36 0C to 39 0C.

Climate



Most of Vietnamese practice indigenous religions, worshipping local spirits, gods and mother goddesses (45.3%). Buddhism is the second largest religion with 16.4% population, around 8.2% and 30% of the Vietnamese are Christians and religiously unaffiliated respectively. The number of Vietnamese practice Buddhism is not high but people who practice Indigenous religion and unreligious people usually go to pagoda to pray for good and lucky things.

Religion



Language

The official language is Vietnamese with 90% population. The remaining 10% is ethnic minority language including Chinese, Tay, Muong, Hmong, Khmer, Gia Rai, etc. In large cities, most of youth and people who are working for service centres can speak

Common phrases for daily conversation

English	Vietnamese	Pronunciation
Hello	Xin chào	Sin ciao
Goodbye	Tạm biệt	Dam biet
Thank you	Cảm ơn	Cam uhn
Sorry	Xin lỗi	Sin loy
No	Không	Khom
Yes	Vâng/ạ	Vang/ya
How much?	Bao nhiêu	Bow new
Stop	Dừng lại	Yoong lie
I love you	Tôi yêu bạn	Toy iju ban
Help	Cứu	Kju

1 US Dollar	21,300 VND
1 Euro	23,974 VND
1 Great British Pound	31,725 VND
1 Singapore Dollar	15,623 VND
1 Australian Dollar	16,140 VND
1 Hongkong Dollar	2,731 VND
1 Canadian Dollar	15,786 VND
1 Thailand Baht	623 VND
1 Japanese Yen	180.72 VND
1 Swiss France	22,619 VND
1 New Zealand Dollar	15,135 VND

Currency

as at 14th February 2015



In general, prices for basic necessities such as food, clothing, public transport... in Vietnam are not really high. You can easily find something that fits your budget; for each category, there are a wide range of available choices and prices. Usually how much you spend depends on your preferences.

Cost of living

Type	Items	Price
Food	Restaurant meal	100,000 VND to 200,000 VND
	Fastfood (KFC, Lotteria, McDonald...)	From 30,000 VND to 100,000 VND
	Water (500ml)	7,000 VND
	Milk (350ml)	10,000 VND
	Coke (can)	10,000 VND
	Cafe	From 20,000 VND
Top-up card	Local call	35,000 VND to 60,000 VND
Entertainment	Cinema (Galaxy, CGV, BHD cinema...)	From 60,000 VND to 120,000 VND per film
	Karaoke	From 30,000 VND to 60,000 VND per hour

Transportation

The main means of transport within the city are motorbikes, buses, taxis, and bicycles.



BUS

There are different buses for you to get around the city. Public buses run on many routes and fare can be purchased on the bus. Base fare is 5,000 VND; but prices go higher the farther the destination is.

TIPS TO TRAVEL BY BUS

- Search for the location and bus number from bus map in advance.
- Standing at the bus stop is not enough, hail the bus like you would hail a taxi (wave your hand).
- Get on the bus quickly, it may not stop for you. When it drives slowly and the door opens, simply jump on and hold on tight.
- Sit down and the conductor will approach you. Give him the money or tear one ticket you have in half and give him one. For both cases, you'll get a receipt, hold on to it as sometimes inspectors check the bus. However, there are also some buses on which you have to buy ticket after getting on by inserting cash into a box and get the ticket. (You should bring Student Card for discount!)
- Keep an eye on your property. Bus thieves need to be aware of.
- Getting off is like getting on. Before your stop comes, get up, walk to the door ... and get out. The conductor will warn you. When all motorcyclists have passed away, you can get off but still keep an eye out for those motorcyclists.



Motorcycle taxi

For short trips, "xe ôm" (literally, "hug vehicle") motorcycle taxis are available where the passenger sits at the rear of a motorbike. It is a convenient choice for passing through routes too narrow for cars and buses. It is also the fast public transportation. You have to show the driver your destination and ask them how much does it cost at first; prices go higher the farther the destination is.

Taxi

Taxis are plentiful and usually have trip meters, although it is also common to agree on the trip price before taking a long trip, for example, from the airport to the city centre. In Ho Chi Minh City, taxi is considered as a luxurious means of transport but it is very comfortable. Depending on how far you want to go. In each taxi there will be an equipment to estimate from kilometers you travelled to bills. So remember to check this carefully.

--> Some wellknown brands:

- Mai Linh (08) 38 38 38 38
- Vinasun (08) 38 27 27 27
- Saigon Tourist Taxi (08) 3 8.45.88.88
- (08) 38.44.66.77 – (08) 38.458.458

Price: The prices depend on which kind of car and which brand:

- 4 seat car (per 1km) 15,000 VND – 16,000 VND
- 7 seat car (per 1km) 17,000 VND – 18,000 VND





NotreDame Cathedral

Situated right in the heart of Ho Chi Minh City is the most famous landmark as well as core Cathedral of the city, Saigon NotreDame Cathedral (translated as “Nhà thờ Đức Bà Sài Gòn”).

NotreDame Cathedral, or NotreDame Basilica to be exact, is a famous agelong cathedral in Southern Vietnam. It is a magnificent building located at the paris Square in Ho Chi Minh City downtown, attracting not only Catholics but also most tourists for its neoRomanesque style architecture and a sacred atmosphere.

Famous places in HCMC



Independence Palace

Independence Palace should be the first place to visit upon setting foot in downtown Ho Chi Minh City. Why? Located just minutes away and steeped in Viet Nam's turbulent history, it is perhaps the most revealing of the city's historical structures. It was the home and workplace of the President of South Vietnam during the Vietnam War. It was the site of the end of the Vietnam War during the Fall of Saigon on April 30, 1975.

The historical relic Independence Palace opens for visit everyday.

Mornings from 7:30 to 11:00

Afternoons from 1:00 to 4:00.

Official Website: <http://ditich.dinhdoclap.gov.vn/enus/trangchu.aspx>



Central Post Office

The Central Post Office is one of the oldest buildings in Ho Chi Minh City. It was built around 1886 – 1891, based on the design of Gustave Eiffel – a famous French architect and has become a significant symbol of the city, just like its opposite neighbor Saigon Notre-Dame Cathedral. It has long been the busiest post office of the country.

Ben Thanh Market

Ben Thanh Market is a large marketplace in central Ho Chi Minh City. The market is one of the earliest surviving structures in Saigon and an important symbol of Ho Chi Minh City, popular with tourists seeking local handicrafts, textiles and souvenirs, as well as local cuisine.



The Diary of Saigonese

Enjoy the life in Saigon (HCMC)
The Pearl of the Far East.



Street morning Coffee



Sidewalk Restaurant

Lifestyle



Street Hawkers





Shopping

- iBen Thanh Market – District 1
- An Dong Plaza – District 5
- Tan Dinh Market – District 1
- Binh Tay Market (Cho Lon) – District 5
- Saigon Square Nam Ki Khoi Nghia Street – District 1
- Saigon Square – Ton Duc Thang District 1

Healthcare

You will find all the medical assistance you could need in Vietnam. There are a couple of international clinics, but it is cheaper to go to Vietnamese hospitals and they are just as qualified. However, we cannot ensure whether they can speak Vietnamese or not International clinics in Vietnam:

1. International SOS
167A, Nam Ky Khoi Nghia Street, District 3
Phone: 08 3829 8424
Website: http://www.internationalsos.com/en/asia-pacific_vietnam.htm

2. FV Hospital
6 Nguyen Luong Bang Street. District 7
Phone: 08 3411 3333

3. Family Medical Practice
Diamond Plaza, Dist. 1, Ho Chi Minh City
Phone: 08 3822 7848

4. Victoria Healthcare International
79 Dien Bien Phu, Dist. 1, Ho Chi Minh City
Phone: 08 3910 4545

5. Westcoast International Dental Clinic
27, Nguyen Trung Truc St., Dist.1, Ho Chi Minh
City Phone: 08 3825 7999

6. CMI –Centre Medical International
1 Han Thuyen St., Dist.1, Ho Chi Minh City
Phone: 08 3827 2366

7. Columbia Gia Dinh International Hospital
1 No Trang Long St., Binh Thanh Dist., Ho Chi Minh
City Phone: 08 3803 0678

8. Columbia Sai Gon – 24 hours Clinic
8 Alexandre de Rhodes, Dist.1, Ho Chi Minh City
Phone: 08 3823 8888

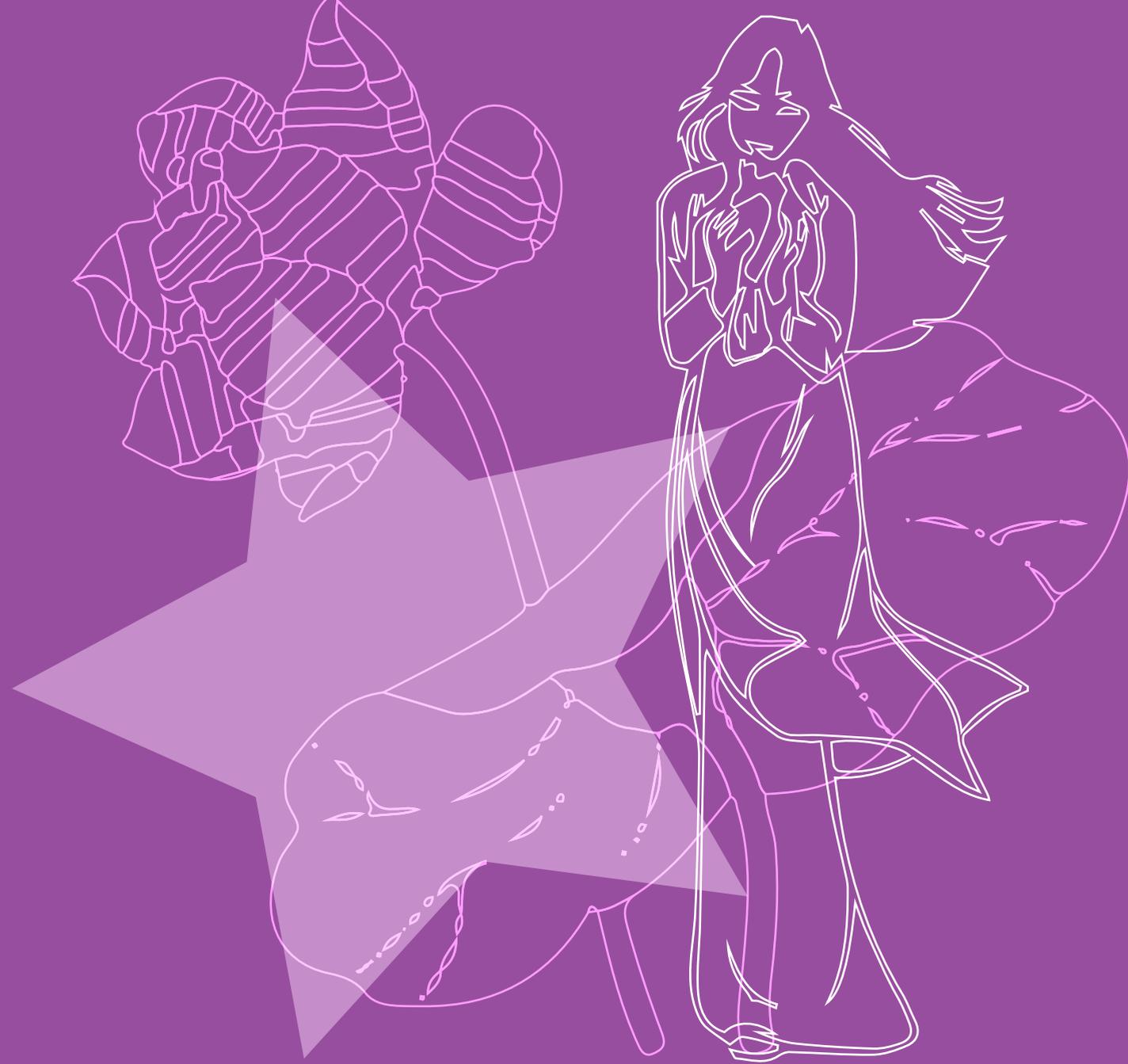
9. Dental Dental Clinic
179 Le Van Sy St., Dist.3, Ho Chi Minh City
Phone: 08 3844 1487

10. Sai Gon Tower
29 Le Duan, Dist.1, Ho Chi Minh City
Phone: 08 3823 5918

11. Lotus Clinic: This Clinic mainly serves Japanese
rd
3floor, The Lancaster, 22 Bis Le Thanh Ton St.,

In addition, you can easily find small drugstores on the road where you can buy some popular medicine, such as Urgo, Becberin, Salonpas, Efferagal, Multivitamin, Nautamine, Natriclorid 0.9%, Orezol, insect gel and so on. Make sure you buy health insurance which covers you for your whole stay in Vietnam. Scan and email yourself a copy of your health booklet in case you lose it. Also bring it with you to Vietnam. Ensure that all appropriate vaccinations are up to date. For further information on vaccination requirements, health outbreaks and general disease protection and prevention you should visit the websites of the National Travel Network and Centre (NaTHNaC).





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Do and Don't

-Greetings are no different to western countries, there are no cultural formalities that as a foreigner you would be expected to know or practice.

- Vietnamese dress conservatively. Despite the heat, it's best not to show off too much skin. If you do, especially girls, you'll only draw stares from the locals.

-Dress well when visiting pagodas. No shorts or tatty beer tshirts. Shoes are fine, and rarely will you have to remove them. If unsure, just follow what the locals do.

- Drink plenty of bottled water, especially when walking around sightseeing. So you should bring a bottle of water with you!

-Bring a photocopy of your passport and visa when you leave home. Left the origin at your place. Remember to keep your cash, credit cards, airline tickets and other valuables in a safe place.

-Always bargain when buying something, especially in the market.

Do

-Don't wear a lot of jewelry made from gold or silver or take a bag with you. You can be robbed and get bad injury.

-Don't cross the street if you feel you cannot make it. The traffic in Vietnam is quite crazy and always busy, ask someone to help you!

-Don't smoke when you are at public places or at your host.

-Don't involve with prostitutes and drugs. These two is completely illegal in Vietnam, so don't try to get in jail.

-Losing your temper in Vietnam means a loss of face. Keep a cool head and remain polite, you'll have a greater chance of getting what you want.

Don't

Tips for survival

-Split your money into small amount and keep your cash and other valuable items in a safe place. (à This should be noted down because some earlier EPs took it for granted and had their money stolen at the hostel!)

-Bring your medicine along.

-Be active in learning Vietnamese, contacting with your buddy.

-Prepare gifts for host. (if you choose to live in host families)

-Bring your country's flag and souvenir for cultureexchange activities. Household Electricity in Vietnam: 220W

-Photocopy and scan: passport, AN, TN letter and picture (passport size).





4 Visa

Citizens from many countries can get a visa on arrival at the major points of entry (usually at the airport)

Types of Visa		Normal Processing (2 days)				1 day	4 hours	Stamping Fee
		1-3 Pax	4-6 pax	7-9 pax	10 pax up			
Single entry	01 month	\$17	\$15	\$13	\$10	\$10	\$20	\$45
	03 months	\$25	\$23	\$21	\$19	\$10	\$20	\$45
Multiple entry	01 month	\$20	\$18	\$16	\$14	\$10	\$20	\$90
	03 months	\$30	\$28	\$26.	\$24	\$10	\$20	\$90

** prices are quoted in USD and will be automatically converted into your local currencies by your bank at the time of applying.*

Visa fee

Citizen from following countries can get a visa on arrival but it is really difficult. They are required to pay extra fee from \$25\$105.

Albania – Algeria – Azerbaijan Bahamas – Bahrain – Barbados – Benin – Bolivia – Bosnia – Botswana – Burkina Faso – Burundi – Cameroon – Cape Verde – Mainland China – Costa Rica – Côte d'Ivoire – Dominican Republic – Egypt – El Salvador – Ethiopia – Gabon –Ghana – Greece – India Iran Jordan – Kenya – South Korea – Lebanon – Liberia – Malta – Mauritius – Mongolia – Morocco – Namibia – Nepal – Oman – Pakistan – Peru – Puerto Rico –Qatar – Rwanda – Senegal – Sierra Leone – South Africa – Sri Lanka – Tanzania – U.A.E

Citizens from the following countries cannot get visa on arrival. They need to go to Vietnamese embassy on their country to apply for visa: ***Afghanistan – Mozambique – Nigeria – Togo Tunisia Turkey – Uganda Zambia – Zimbabwe***

How to apply

<https://vietnamvisa.govt.vn/vietnamvisa/howtoapply.html>

Travel checklist

- Renew/Check your passport
- Apply for visa to Vietnam
- Book flights and check the details
- Check luggage weights
- Personalize your luggage
- Have a health insurance
- Have a blood type information in your wallet
- Check local destination weather/news (Ho Chi Minh City)
- Have some notes/changes in VND

Travel Preparation

- Passport and ID Card (1 origin and at least 1 copy)
- Visas
- Health insurance document (1 origin and at least 1 copy)
- Vaccination certifications
- Copy of medical information (blood type, allergy...)
- Personal medicine
- Airline tickets
- Cellphone/laptop including battery charger
- Money (as necessary)
- Notebook and pen (optional)

Documents and necessary things

Items	Quantity (pieces)	Notes
Tshirts/Dresses Pants/Jeans	5-7 4-6	For comfortable moving purpose
Undergarment Sleepwear Toiletries/Towel	5-7 3-5 1 set	
Cover stuff like jacket/umbrella/cap...	As necessary	

Daily

Items	Quantity (pieces)	Notes
Traditional costume National flag	1 set	For culture presentation (recommended)
Seasonings and recipes	1 set	For your traditional food presentation (recommended – in case it's not available in Vietnam)
Souvenirs/Gifts		Optional
Makeup and hair product	As necessary	Optional
Camera and charger		Optional

Miscellaneous

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Food



This is a typical breakfast or even lunch in our country. It is made from a thin, wide sheet of steamed fermented rice batter filled with seasoned ground pork, minced wood ear mushroom, and minced shallots. It may also have Vietnamese pork sausage, sliced cucumber and bean sprouts, often served with its dipping sauce called nước chấm. You really should try this because it will bring you a whole new aspect of Vietnamese traditional food for you.

Location

Banh cuon Thien Huong: 179A, 3/2 Street, District 10

Banh cuon Tay Ho – one of the oldest brand in HCMC: 127 Dinh Tien Hoang, District 1

Banh cuon Ca Cuong – famous for Northern taste from Vietnam: 89 Ly Tu Trong, District 1



Banh cuon

Pho is a Vietnamese noodle soup consisting of broth, linguine-shaped rice noodles, a few herbs and meat, primarily beef or chicken. You definitely must try Pho once because it is one of the most famous Vietnamese food in the entire world and it tastes spectacular!!!

Location

*Phở Lệ: 413 – 415
Nguyen Trai, Ward 7,
District 5*

*303-305 Võ Văn Tần,
Ward 5, District 3*

*Phở Bình LCT: 07 Lý
Chính Thắng, Ward .8,
District 3*



Pho

Bun cha

This food is more of a Northern Vietnamese cuisine which was brought from Hanoi to HCMC. Bun Cha is a Vietnamese dish of grilled pork and noodle, served with grilled fatty prok over a plate of white rice noodle and herbs, together with a side dish of dipping sauce. This food is more of a “hungersaver” food in Vietnam so you can definitely find it in anytime of the day.

Location

Bún chả Hoa Đông: 121 Ly Tu Trong, District 1

Bún chả Lý Chính Thắng: 140 Ly Chinh Thang, District 3

Bún chả Hà Nội Võ Văn Tần: 135 Vo Van Tan, District 3



Goi cuon

One more famous food in Vietnam! Goi cuon is a Vietnamese traditional dish consisting of pork, prawn, vegetables, rice paper and other ingredients wrapped in Vietnamese rice paper. They are served at room temperature and often served with its special dipping sauce. This is another must try food because Goi cuon was listed at number 30 on World's 50 most delicious foods-complied by CNN Go in 2011!!!

Location

Quan 68: 68 Tôn Đản, Ward 10, District 4

Gỏi cuốn cô Hà: 7 Nguyen Tri Phuong, District 5



This “sizzling cake” is a savory fried pancakes made of rice flour, water, turmeric powder, stuffed with slivers of fatty pork, shrimp, diced green onion, and bean sprouts. They are served wrapped in mustard leaf, lettuce leaves or rice paper, stuffed in many types of herbs.

Try this with a sweet and sour dipping sauce to taste the unique flavor of this wonderful food.

Location

Mười Xìem: 190 Nam Ky Khoi Nghia, Ward 6, District 3

225 – 227 Nguyen Trai, Nguyen Cu Trinh Ward, District 1



Banh xeo



Com tam

Com tam is made from rice with fractured rice grains. It is usually served with grilled pork (ribs or shredded) and Vietnamese thinly shredded pork skin over the broken rice. It is also served with various greens and pickled vegetables, along with a prawn paste cake, steamed egg, and grilled prawns.

Vietnamese often eats this food for their breakfast and their lunch so it is pretty easy to be found in some streets.

Location

Cơm tấm Cali: 222 Hai Ba Trung District 1

449 Vo Van Tan, District 3

236 Le Thanh Ton, District 1



Cháo

Vietnam's rice porridge is thick, creamy, hearty and should be able to cure whatever ails you— primarily a cold and hangovers. Top it with slices of chicken, beef, pork, fish, or in this case, pig parts (mostly liver and tubular innards).

Location

Cháo Ngọc Bích: 113 Pasteur, Ward 6, District 3
Cháo Sườn Hai Bà Trưng: opposite Tan Dinh Market, District 1



Chè refers to any sweet pudding or dessert soup, which usually gets covered in jellied or dried fruit toppings. Taste the rainbow of longans, rambutan, mangoes, jackfruit chips, mung beans, black beans, and more sticky sweetness. This is one of the most typical dessert Vietnamese usually has after their meal and often been found after lunch.

Location

Nguyen Tri Phuong street, Tran Hung Dao B street District 5.
Chè Kỳ Đồng: 153/7 Ky Dong, Ward 9, District 3



This is another famous food from Vietnam because it is voted as the most delicious sandwich in the entire world 2014. Vietnamese's "banh mi" consists of the baguettes, pate, mayonnaise, cilantro, cucumber, jalapeno, pickled carrots and daikon, then of course the meat, which can be pork, pork bellies, pork sausage, fish, etc. Banh mi can be found pretty easy because it is so popular in Vietnam that it can be found anytime on the street.

Location

Bánh mì Huỳnh Hoa: 26 Le Thi Rieng, Ben Thanh Ward, District 1



It is a noodle soup consisting of rice noodles with pork stock and toppings. It is served with pork or seafood, lettuce and other herbs if you like. This food is kind of similar to Pho mentioned above. Hu tieu is often eaten in the morning as breakfast and it can be found in small restaurants on the street.

Location

Hủ Tiếu Nam Vang Nhân Quán: 68A Nguyen Trai, Nguyen Cu Trinh Ward, District 1



Cháo

Vietnam's rice porridge is thick, creamy, hearty and should be able to cure whatever ails you—primarily a cold and hangovers. Top it with slices of chicken, beef, pork, fish, or in this case, pig parts (mostly liver and tubular innards).

Location

Cháo Ngọc Bích: 113 Pasteur, Ward 6, District 3
Cháo Sườn Hai Bà Trưng: opposite Tan Dinh Market, District 1



6

Travel





Hanoi

The capital of Vietnam. The city preserves many ancient architectural works and many pagodas. It is famous for Guom Lake and the mausoleum of Ho Chi Minh, where he is buried.



Sapa

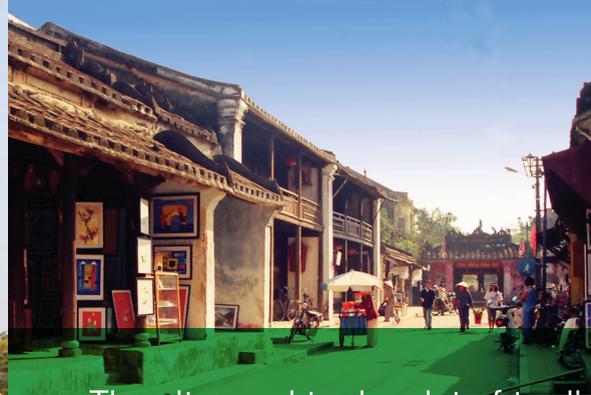
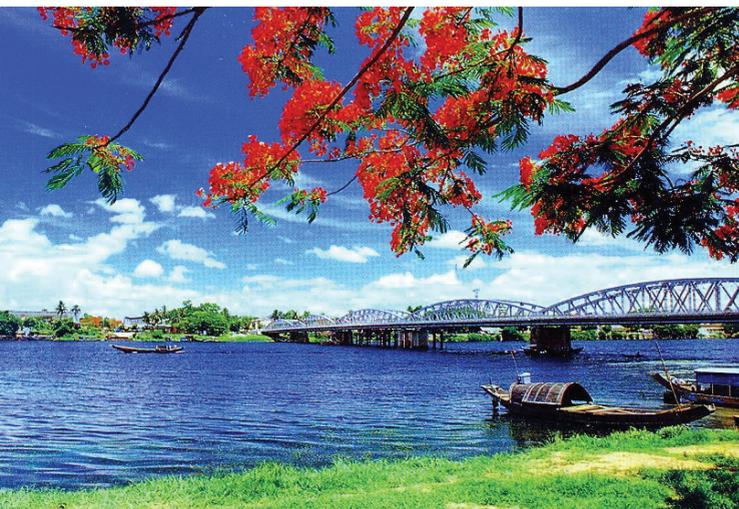
A region in the North of Vietnam, famous for its terraced fields and nature. Sapa offers a chilly weather with a peaceful atmosphere that you will fall in love with.





Ha Long Bay

Recognized by the UNESCO as a World Natural Heritage Area, Ha Long bay is famous for its unusual formation of rocks, islands and caves.



The city used to do a lot of trading with different countries and cultures. The heart of the city is still the Old Town, full of winding lanes and Chinese styled shops. It is sometimes called the "Venice of Vietnam" because of the narrow canals that cut through part of the town.

Ancient Town of Hoi An

Hue

An ancient city in which it was the capital of the Nguyen dynasty. You will be able to explore the city as well as the imperial city which is located inside the city itself. The imperial city offers many unique sightseeing attractions such as the fortress and different palaces.





Phong Nha Ke Bang

Recognized as a world national heritage site by UNESCO. Phong NhaKe is a home for many caves and grottoes. If you want to explore different rock formations and limestone then you should definitely pass by.

Nha Trang

The city is popular for its beautiful bays with clean beaches and blue ocean water. Nha Trang is one of the top tourist attractions in Vietnam offering scuba diving, jet skiing and parasailing.



Da Lat

Covered with mountains and hills, Da Lat city has the appearance of an old French city. Due to its cool climate, it is a home to many types of flowers and vegetation.



Can Gio

Can Gio is the nearest destination to Ho Chi Minh City. If you have a day spare and don't know what to do, then you should definitely check out Can Gio. It offers different kinds of forests and the beach.





Phu Quoc is the largest island located in South of Vietnam, it is home to many beautiful tropical rainforests, coral reefs and beaches. The island is still covered with rainforests and jungles, however its beautiful beaches are now becoming a top destination for tourists.

Phu Quoc Island

Can Tho



Cần Thơ is the fourth largest city in Vietnam, and the largest city in the Mekong Delta.

It is noted for its floating market, rice paper-making village, and picturesque rural canals. It had a population of 1.2 million as of 2011, and is located on the south bank of the Hau River, a branch of the Mekong.



Accommodation



Details:

Single room or share room with other interns · Free Wifi

- AirConditioned rooms
- Hot Shower
- Cable TV
- Available laundry at hostel or nearby · Located near Ho Chi Minh center

Rules:

- Limited Rules

Fee:

\$180-\$300 /month

Hostel

Hostels provide a very comfortable accommodation. Interns will be able live in an atmosphere with very little limitations.



Hostel

Details:

- Experience the Vietnamese culture
- Experience the lifestyle and habits of Vietnamese families
- Meet new people
- Hot Shower

Rules:

- Follow the rules of the family
- Clean your own room and belongings

Fee:

- \$55-\$60 /month

Homestay

Host families provide a unique experience to all interns who come to Vietnam. Interns will be provided an opportunity to be able to live with the local families and experience living with the locals



Homestay

	Hostel	Homestay
Comfort	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> · Single Room · Share Room with EPs 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> · Single room · Share room with host
Air Condition-	Yes	Optional (depends of host)
Internet	Yes	Yes
Food	No	Optional (depends of host)
Laundry	Yes	Optional (depends of host)
Public Transport	Yes	Yes
Distance from city center	Near	Optional
Distance from work	Near	Near
Curfew	No	Optional (depends of host)
TV	Yes	Optional (depends of host)
Hot Shower	Yes	Yes
Cooking	No	Optional (depends of host)
Own bed	Yes	Optional (depends of host)



